ments are served—a boon to many while waiting. The mortuary, pathological department, and post-mortem rooms are very well arranged. There is a waiting room for the relatives, and a body can be brought out from the ice chamber in which all are placed, on to a table in the centre of the adjoining room for their inspection.

THE MASSAGE DEPARTMENT.

Adjoining the Infirmary is a large Massage Department, superintended by Miss E. O. B. Peile, a Registered Masseuse, holding the Teachers' Certificate of the Chartered Society in both Medical Gymnastics and Medical Electricity. This includes class rooms where instruction is given to the massage students by Miss Peile and her assistants, and a large Gymnasium as well as the rooms for the medical staff, and treatment rooms. At present there are 21 students in the school.

CLINICAL MATERIAL.

The clinical material, for the education of students and the training of nurses at the Royal Infirmary, Manchester, is, of course, of a most varied nature, and very little alteration is required in the present Syllabus to meet the requirements of the General Nursing Council.

The members of the nursing staff are fortunate in receiving lectures from members of the Medical Staff, the Matron, and the Sister Tutor (who has received training in teaching methods at King's College for Women, London), and who gives systematic instruction to the probationers in training.

THE NURSES' HOME.

The Nursing Staff are fortunate in their Home, with attractive sitting rooms for Sisters, Staff Nurses, and probationers, a small room where they can receive visitors, a silence room where they can study and write letters in peace, and a professional and general library supported by a small monthly contribution from each of the staff. The large Dining Hall is very attractive with tables for six, well appointed and decorated with flowers. It has its own servery close at hand.

Each nurse has a separate bedroom, with a hanging cupboard and full-length mirror, with long drawers below and smaller drawers and trays inside—a most desirable piece of furniture for anyone's use. There is also a convenient combination dressing and wash-stand. In the bathrooms is an ample supply of hot water day and night. The lines have indeed fallen in pleasant places to the nursing staff, whose salaries, we may add, are arranged on a very liberal basis.

ANOTHER TALE.

Compare these happy conditions with those of forty years ago. In pouring rain and a pea-soup fog a lonely Pro. drives up to the grim-faced old M.R.I. "James" is in his cubby hole just inside the door, and directs her to a gloomy little room containing two beds. A fixed wash-sink under a window so high up in the wall that nothing can be seen. Below is the dead house. But that is another tale!

E. G. F.

MEMORIAL TO SCOTTISH NURSES.

No more fitting shrine could have been found for the Memorial erected by members of the Military Nursing Services in memory of their Scottish colleagues who gave their lives in the Great War than the grand old Cathedral of St. Giles in Edinburgh, where the worn colours of many a brave Scottish regiment decorate the stately edifice. It was unveiled with fitting ceremonial on Nov. 3rd, by Lieut.-General Sir Francis Davies, K.C.B., in the presence of a large number of relatives of the nurses commemorated, representatives of various nursing associations, and prominent citizens of Edinburgh. The memorial is a bronze tablet set in green marble on which the names of the nurses are inscribed. During the war 150 nurses lost their lives owing to enemy action or disease. Of that number, forty were Scottish nurses. Their names, which appear on the memorial, are as follows:

QUEEN ALEXANDRA IM-PERIAL MILITARY NURSING SERVICE.

Sister.

Joan G. Dalton.

MILITARY FAMILIES NURSING SERVICE.

Matron.

Mary MacGill.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA IM-PERIAL MILITARY NURSING SERVICE RESERVE.

Sisters.

Ellen Armstrong.
Ella Maud Bond.
Christina Jack.
Isabella Mackenzie.
Helen Milne.
Jeanie B. Smith.
Christina M. Wilson.

Staff Nurses.
Helena S. Bennet.
Margaret S. Dewar.
Elizabeth Edgar.
Bessie Harkness.
Christina M. F. Kemp.
Margaret A. MacBeth.
Mary B. Marshall.
Agnes G. Mann.
Jessie E. MacRobbie.
Annie C. Reid.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA IM-PERIAL MILITARY N URSING SERVICE RESERVE—contd.

Staff Nurses.

Jessie Ritchie. Elizabeth R. Thomson. Mary Watson. Myrtle E. Wilson.

TERRITORIAL FORCE NURSING SERVICE.

Sister.

May Grant. Helen M. Hastings. Isabel Meldrum.

Staff Nurses.

Agnes M. Climie.
Beatrice G. F. Forbes.
Jessie S. Jamieson.
Mary T. Kerr.
Mabel Milne.
Mary Mackinnon.
Margaret B. Marnoch.
Jessie J. Paterson.
Edith Simpson.
Wilma B. Stewart.

Assistant Nurses.
Hannah D. Mark.
Elizabeth M'Donald.
Caroline C. C. Miller.
Christian M'Combie.

Of the forty nurses, four were killed by enemy action, three were drowned whilst serving on hospital ships, and 33 died of diseases arising from military service. Only two were members of the regular Military Nursing Service, and the others were members of Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service Reserve, and the Territorial Force Nursing Service who had been called up from civil employment.

The Rev. Dr. Wallace Williamson conducted the memorial service, and the Dowager-Countess of Airlie, President of the Memorial Committee, on behalf of the donors, asked Lieut.-General Sir Francis Davies to perform the unveiling ceremony.

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